

# Caledonian Mercury

No. 12,030. EDINBURGH, PRINTED BY ROBERT ALLAN, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 27. 1798. PRICE SIXPENCE.

## CARD

**GILCHRIST & CO.** respectfully acquaint the Ladies, that they have received by the last coaches a beautiful choice of the NEW NELSON and ROSEYIA PRINTED CALICOES, WINDSOR and NELSON FANCY SILK HANDKERCHIEFS, and this morning by the 8 o'clock coach, an assortment of Black and Silver BEAR MUFFS and TIPPETS, which they can with confidence recommend as of superior quality and low price.  
High Street,  
25th October, 1798.

Followed a Post Chaise, from the West to Haddington, On Sunday the 14th inst.

**A SMOOTH POINTER DOG.**—Whoever proves himself the owner may have him again, on paying the expense of this advertisement, by applying to the Ostler at the Bell Inn at Haddington.

## THE LORD PROVOST AND MAGISTRATES OF EDINBURGH.

There will be exposed to Sale by public roup, within the High Council House, on Wednesday the 31st of October 1798, at one o'clock afternoon,  
**FIVE HUNDRED YARDS OF TIMBER PIPES**, four inch diameter.—The Pipes will be shown at Heriot's Green Reservoir by William Lloyd, between the hours of twelve and two o'clock, and Mr Hutton, superintendent of water, will inform as to particulars.  
There will also be exposed to sale,  
A number of PIPES, fit for Fire Wood.

## THE MAGISTRATES OF THE CITY OF EDINBURGH.

WHEREAS, notwithstanding the Laws now in force against the Destruction of the SPAWNING FISH in the River TWEEDE, from the 10th day of October to the 10th of January in each season, and the Destruction of Fry at Mill-dams, Mill-leads, &c. in the said river, and the other rivers and streams connected therewith, and by which transgressors are subject to very heavy penalties.—Yet that such mischievous and illegal practices still prevail, and that great numbers of these UNWHELOMOM and UNMARKETABLE FISH are brought to this CITY, which prove very destructive to the health of the consumers, as well as the Fishing in the river in the proper season:  
This is therefore intimated to all concerned, That the Magistrates are determined to enforce the laws with all rigour against such as shall be convicted of having such FISH in their possession, or selling the same in this city during the forbidden time; and a suitable REWARD will be paid to those who shall inform against transgressors, by applying at the Council Chamber.  
Edinburgh, Oct. 17. 1798.

## THE FOLLOWING MEDICINES BEING SPECIALLY ADAPTED TO THIS SEASON, THE PROPRIETORS ARE ANXIOUS TO BRING THEM UNDER PUBLIC REVIEW.

**GODDOLD'S VEGETABLE BALSAM**, a medicine so certain, safe, and efficacious as a remedy for CONSUMPTIONS, ASTHMAS, COUGHS, COLDS, and SCORBUIC COMPLAINTS, that the following Noble Names have requested Mr GODDOLD to publish, for the good of mankind, their recommendation of it in the public papers, from their own personal experience.  
Most Noble Marquis of Lothian  
Right Hon. Viscountess Dudley and Ward  
Right Hon. Vic. Dudley and Ward  
Right Hon. Lord Grantley  
Right Hon. Lord M'Donald  
Right Hon. Lord Fortescue  
Right Hon. Lord Montfort  
Messrs. HUSBAND, ELDER, and CO. who are Mr GODDOLD's agents, make the same liberal allowance to dealers as the Proprietor in London.  
Lent to read, a Pamphlet, containing a number of the most astonishing cures ever performed by any medicine.  
Also, STEER'S OPODELDOC, well known to be unequalled for Sprains, Bruises, Rheumatism, &c.—and WHITEHEAD'S ESSENCE OF MUSTARD, in Liquid, for external application, and in Pills, for internal use; the general virtues of which have lately appeared in all the papers.

## FOR HAMBURG

With the first conveyance—To return to Leith,  
**THE NEW BRIG SUSANNA**,  
JAMES HARDIE Master.  
Apply to Alexander Sommerville & Co.  
Leith 25th October, 1798.

## AT LEITH—FOR LONDON.

The Old Shipping Company's Smack  
**TWEED PACKET**,  
THOMAS ORR Master.  
Will take in goods till Saturday evening, and sail on Sunday, at four o'clock afternoon.  
WILLIAM GRINLY, Agent.  
Old Shipping Co's Office, Leith, October 26. 1798.

## AT LEITH—FOR LONDON.

The Union Shipping Company's Armed Smack,  
**BERWICKSHIRE PACKET**,  
JAMES CUMMINS Master, and  
**EDINBURGH AND BERWICK PACKET**,  
WILLIAM COOPER Master.  
Will take in goods, the Berwickshire till Tuesday evening at five o'clock, and the Edinburgh & Berwick till Wednesday evening at six o'clock, when they will sail.  
Union Shipping Co's Office, Leith, 27th October 1798.

## SALE OF A VESSEL AT CHARLESTOWN.

To be sold, within the house of James Sharp, vintner in Charlestown, upon Tuesday the 20th November 1798, at twelve o'clock noon, if not previously disposed of by private bargain.

## THE GOOD SLOOP OR VESSEL named the BETTY OF CHARLESTOWN.

The Betty was built at Charlestown last year, measures, per register, 51 3/4 tons, is well found, sails very fast, and is remarkably well adapted for the canal or coasting trade.  
The inventory and conditions of sale will be seen by applying to the proprietor, James Hoggans, shipmaster, Charlestown, by North Queensferry.

## A VESSEL AT KIRKCALDY FOR SALE.

To be sold by public roup, within the house of Mrs Wilson, vintner in Kirkcaldy, on Tuesday the 20th November next, between the hours of one and two o'clock afternoon.

## THE SLOOP DILIGENCE, measuring 43 6/8-94th tons per register.

This vessel is well found, and is very suitable for the canal and coasting trade.  
For further particulars apply to William Moffat, merchant in Kirkcaldy  
October 25. 1798.

## A SLOOP FOR SALE.

To be sold by public roup, within the house of John Tweedale, vintner in Montrose, on Tuesday the 6th day of November next, 1798, at four o'clock afternoon.

## THE SLOOP MALLY LEIGHTON, of Montrose.

With her Boat and materials, presently lying in the harbour there. She measures 33 tons per register, and about twelve months ago was rebuilt, and fitted up in a proper manner for the Leith trade. She sails fast, and is well adapted for the coasting trade. The inventory of the sloop's materials, and articles of roup, are in the hands of John Greig, writer in Montrose.

## EDUCATION OF YOUNG LADIES.

MRS CRAIG takes this method of acquainting her Friends and the Public, That she has taken the Linkfield Boarding School, at Ma. scullough, too well known for its healthy situation to need comment.  
As Mrs CRAIG cannot get possession of that house till Whitunday, by the advice of her particular Friends, she has taken a house, close by Linkfield, in order to accommodate those Young Ladies whose parents mean to intrust her with the charge, and she will be ready to receive them about the 16th of November. She flatters herself, the long experience she has had in some of the most respectable families in the country will entitle her to a share of the public favour.  
The best Masters from Edinburgh will attend.

## DRAWING ACADEMY, HIGH STREET.

UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF  
The Honourable the Board of Trustees for Manufactures, &c.  
The Students belonging to this Academy are requested to meet again at the usual hour, upon Monday the 12th day of November next.

MR WOOD takes this opportunity of informing the Public, That his DRAWING CLASSES FOR LADIES and GENTLEMEN will commence upon Tuesday the 30th instant. The hour for Ladies from one to two—That for Gentlemen from two to three. The days of teaching are Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday.

Mr WOOD purposes also to begin a CLASS for YOUNG GENTLEMEN, upon Monday the 12th of November, at five in the evening, to explain the Theory of PERSPECTIVE, with its application to Fortification and Drawing in general. Those Gentlemen who attend at the drawing hour, have the privilege also of attending the Perspective Class.

N. B.—Families who may incline to have private hours during the winter, are requested to send cards to Mr WOOD, at his lodgings No. 1. East Register Street, that he may arrange his hours accordingly.

## SALE OF HORSES.

To be sold by public roup, at the house of Richard Forrester, innkeeper, West Port of Linlithgow, upon Friday the 9th day of November 1798, between twelve and two afternoon.

SEVERAL Full-bred and Half-bred COLTS and FILLIES—also three BROOD MARES, all belonging to William Maxwell, Esq. of Carriiden.  
Credit will be given till Candlemas, upon granting bill, and caution, if required.  
Oct. 25. 1798.

## FOR PUBLIC SALE.

WILLIAM BAUTE, AUCTIONEER,  
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF MAHOGANY, PLAIN-TREE, GEENTREE, ELM, AMERICAN ASH, and other Woods, all of the very best quality, and well seasoned, to be sold in the Timber Yard of Mr John Mathie, cabinetmaker, Horse Wynd, Edinburgh, upon Thursday the 1st November next. The wood to be put up in lots for the accommodation of purchasers.

Also, to be sold, in Mr Mathie's Waterroom, Horse Wynd, on Tuesday thereafter, the 6th November, a great variety of CABINET FURNITURE and UPHOLSTERY GOODS.  
The sale to begin on each of these days at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and to continue every day until all is sold off. Credit will be given upon finding security.

N. B.—JOHN MATHIE hereby acquaints his Friends and the Public, That he carries on his BUSINESS of CABINET-MAKER and UNDERTAKER, in the Horse Wynd, as formerly, and requests a continuance of their favours.  
Edinburgh, October 26. 1798.

## SALE OF SUBJECTS IN LEITH WYND.

Which belonged to the deceased  
NICOL HOWISON, Shoemaker in Calton.  
To be exposed by voluntary roup, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 7th November 1798, at one o'clock afternoon.

THE SUBJECTS lying opposite to the New Port in Leith Wynd, which belonged to the above Nicol Howison, which rented about 39l. Sterling, and to be exposed at the upset price of 200l. Sterling.  
For particulars apply to Alexander Ritchie, W. S.

## SALE OF SUBJECTS IN DUNKELD.

To be sold by roup, within the Duke's Arms Inn, Dunkeld, on Saturday the 24th November next, between the hours of three and five afternoon.

ALL and Whole these Two large BACK TENEMENTS SMALL HOUSE adjoining, and PIECE OF WASTE GROUND, which sometime belonged to John Cameron, saddler, and afterwards to Robert Cameron, his son, lying on the south side of the town of Dunkeld, opposite to the Cross, possessed by Mr Gourlay and others.  
For particulars apply to John Fisher, writer in Dunkeld.

## COUNTRY HOUSE TO BE LET.

To be let for one or more years,  
THE HOUSE OF MURRAYFIELD, with the Garden, and an extensive and commodious set of Offices, situated within a mile and a half of Edinburgh, and to be entered upon at Whitunday next. The tenant can be accommodated with pasture ground to any extent.  
The premises may be viewed on Wednesdays and Thursdays, from twelve to three o'clock; and for particulars, enquire at No. 59. George Street.

## FARMS IN EAST LOTHIAN TO LET.

To be let for Nineteen Years, and entered to immediately, or at Martinmas.

THE FARM OF RUCHLAW MAINS, containing 174 Scots acres, and RUCHLAW WEST MAINS, containing 116 Scots acres, and the FARM OF LEEHOUSE.  
These farms are mostly inclosed, and in the highest condition. Upon the first two farms there are 150 acres of grass, sown out with the fallow crop, either dugged or limed; there are also 50 acres that were in green crop and plain fallow this last season. All the farms have an extensive right of pasture upon Dunbar Common.

These farms are in the parishes of Whittingham and Seaton, seven miles from Haddington, and five from Dunbar.  
George Hogg, overseer at Ruchlaw Mains, will show the farms; and offers may be given in for the whole in one farm, or for each farm separately, to Mr Cathcart, W. S. Hill Street, Edinburgh, which will be kept secret, if required.

## FARMS IN TWEEDDALE AND ARGYLSHIRE.

TO LET ON LEASE,  
Entry to the Houses and Grass at Whitunday 1799, and to the Arable Land at the separation of that crop from the ground.

## TWEEDDALE.

THE Farm of BORELAND, containing about 49 acres in-field, 120 outfield, 539 pasture, and 40 muir and moss, Scots measure, besides a right of casting divot on North-Shield Muir.  
The Farm of MILKISTON, containing about 68 acres in-field, 245 outfield, 198 pasture, and 40 muir and moss, Scots measure, with an extensive sheep pasture on the common.

## ARGYLSHIRE.

THE Farms of AUCHMORE and DUNLOSKIN, lying contiguous, and containing each about 50 acres of excellent arable in-field, besides an equal considerable quantity of outfield, and 900 of the very best muir grounds, 700 of which is presently possessed with the farm of Auchmore, and about 200 with Dunloiskin.

The farms in Tweeddale are of great extent, partly arable and partly for sheep; are situated in the parish of Edleston, adjacent to the village of that name on the post road, within four measured miles of Peebles, and sixteen of Edinburgh, where there is a ready market. And.  
The farms in Argyshire are near Denoon, and within six miles of Greenock.

These farms are at present considered very moderately rented. Proposals, in writing, may be given in to William McFarlane, writer to the signet, No. 14. North Frederick Street, New Town, Edinburgh.

## A GOVERNESS

Wanted a Governess in a Private Family.—She has been for some years in that capacity, and can be particularly well recommended.—Has no objection to travel, or go abroad.  
For further particulars enquire at Montgomery and Steele's, Prince's Street.

## EDINBURGH, October 3. 1798.

THE COPARTNERSHIP carried on here under the firm of Messrs. BUCHAN, HUNTER, & CO. Woollen Drapers in Edinburgh, was this day DISSOLVED by the unanimous consent of the Partners. Mr Francis Buchanan Sydserrf being to continue the business on his own account, and having got right to the Stock and Debts of the Company, the Company's Creditors will be settled with on calling at his Shop, front of the Royal Exchange—and those indebted to the Company, will please order payment of their accounts to him.  
FRAS. BUCHAN SYDSERRF.  
DAVID HUNTER.

## EDINBURGH, October 3. 1798.

THE COPARTNERSHIP carried on under the firm of Messrs. Buchanan, Hunter, and Co. Woollen Drapers in Edinburgh, having been this day dissolved by the unanimous consent of the Partners, Mr BUCHAN SYDSERRF takes the liberty of informing his Friends and the Public, that he is to continue the business of his own account, and requests a continuance of their favours.

## MONEY WANTED.

Wanted to borrow immediately or at Martinmas first, upon the security of that District of the New Turnpike Road in Aberdeenshire, called the Dec-ade Road.

THE Sum of TWO THOUSAND POUNDS Sterling.—To those who have money to lend, this will be found a most desirable mode of settling it, as the above sum will be the preferable security on the Toll Bars, which are already very productive, and added thereto, the Trustees will become personally bound.

For further particulars, application may be made to Mr Thomas Burnett, Advocate in Aberdeen, or George Robinson Clerk to the Signet, Edinburgh.

## WANTED TO BORROW.

Now or at Martinmas next, in one or two sums,  
THREE THOUSAND POUNDS Sterling. The most unexceptionable heritable security will be given, and a collateral obligation for the regular payment of the interest in Edinburgh, twice a year.  
Apply to James Chalmers, solicitor at law, Edinburgh.

## DESERTED.

From the ROSS and CROMARTY RANGERS, at Cromarty, on the 11th inst. (a few days after his enlistment)  
JOHN MUNRO, alias EVAN or EUAN KENNEDIE—about five feet six inches high, fair face, light brown or yellowish hair, whiskers red, thin reddish or whitish beard, round chin, short neck, broad shoulders, very well made, but stoops a little in his walk. Had on, when he deserted, a black and green or blue and green Highland Badenoch or Lochaber plaid, brown or blue short coat, dunish coloured swan-down vest, with kilt and hose. From information, it is supposed he has gone to his father's at Badenoch, but may probably have changed his dress to a long brown mixed coat, white striped vest, and leaden-coloured cassimer breeches.

Whoever gives such information of the above deserter to Captain Macdonald at Forres, or Lieutenant Munro at Cromarty, so as he may be secured in jail, shall receive a GUI NEA reward, besides the allowance by Parliament.

## HOUSES, SHOPS, AND AREAS, IN EDINBURGH.

## GROUND AT WESTER DUNDEE.

FOR SALE.  
To be sold by Public Roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 12th day of November next, at two o'clock afternoon.

THE SUBJECTS in POTTERROW, called CLARK'S LAND, possessed by Mr William Lowrie, tool-maker, and others. The Area of these subjects extends 59 feet in front of the Potterrow, and 128 feet eastward to Doctor Munro's property; and, being in the immediate vicinity of the College, it affords an eligible situation for building.

II.—THE SHOP on the west side of Currie's Close, Castlehill, possessed by George Blyth, and the Shop on the east side and cellar, possessed by David Anderson.

III.—THE FIRST, SECOND, and FIFTH FLATS of Clark's Land, Castlehill, possessed by Mr Carlisle, Mr Mitchell, and Mrs Finley, each consisting of four rooms, kitchen, and other conveniences. The First Flat has also a Cellar.

IV.—THE PIECE OF GROUND or INCLOSURE, at Wester Dunnington, called the FOREBANK, consisting of about 7 acres or thereby, of fine arable land possessed by James Lawson. It lies on the south east declivity of Arthur's Seat, commanding a fine prospect of Lord Abercorn's policy, Musselburgh bay, and the surrounding country, and is well adapted for a Villa.

Apply to Mr James Skinner writer in Edinburgh, or to Messrs. Gibson and Oliphant, writers to the signet, who will show the titles, and receive offers for private sale.

## HOUSE IN NORTH CASTLE STREET.

## TAVERN AND VAULTS IN SOUTH BRIDGE-STREET.

To be sold,

THAT HOUSE, No. 28, North Castle-street, being the Two upper Stories and Garrets, consisting of Dining-room and Drawing-room 24 feet by 17 each, Parlour, four good Bed-rooms, three Bed-closets, Kitchen, Pantry, &c. with garrets above. Below the stair, a cellar fitted up with catacombs; and in the sunk area, water closet, coal-cellar, cellar fitted up with water-pipe, and cistern, bottle-rack, &c.—Entry at Martinmas or Whitunday next.

ALSO, THAT TAVERN in South Bridge Street, No. 20, east side, presently possessed by Jacob Wagner, consisting of eleven rooms, one of them a large Ball Room, and a kitchen, servants rooms, scullery, bar, catacombed cellar, and a water-pipe; and, separately, or along with the Tavern with which they are connected, SEVEN VAULTS below the Bridge. If sold separately from the Tavern, the Under Storey, if desired, will go along with them, which will give great accommodation to an extensive dealer. Entry to the Tavern at Whitunday, and to the Vaults immediately, if required.

Apply for particulars, to Mr Edward Lothian, W. S. No. 36, North Frederick Street; or to Mr Cleghorn, builder, Rose Street.

## LANDS IN THE COUNTY OF BERWICK.

## AFFORDING A FREEHOLD QUALIFICATION.

To be sold by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 14th of November next, at one o'clock afternoon.

THE LANDS OF FOULDEN, WEST MAINS, and WHITECORNLEES, lying in the parish of Foulden, which hold of the Crown, and stand rated in the cess books at 599l. 3s. 4d. Scots of valuation.

They consist of 716 acres at present under lease as one farm, and stretch from Whiteridge road leading to Berwick by a gentle declivity to the river Whittadder, which bounds then on the fourth for upwards of a mile, on which river there is a good angling for trout and salmon, and there are falls on this stretch of the river on which mills for carrying on various branches of manufactory may be erected. Great part of the lands are of a strong soil, fit for being converted into rich pasture, or to carry heavy crops of wheat, &c. and the remainder is well fitted to the turnip husbandry.

This property is distant six miles from Berwick and eight miles from Dunfermline, and the public roads leading between all these towns, and to all parts of the adjacent country, pass through the lands in convenient directions for giving easy access on all sides.

The current lease expires at Whitunday 1800, when a great rise of rent is to be expected.  
For further particulars enquire at Mr Wanchope, W. S. Edinburgh, or to Mr Low at Woodend near Dunfermline, who have powers to conclude a private bargain.

## RAISING.

RAMSEY, WILLIAMSON, and CO. Leith, have for sale, a quantity of LEXIA RAINING in Casks.

## IRISH BUTTER.

A Few Casks fit for Bakers, to be sold cheap.  
Apply to William Allan, Leith, who has also for sale a few Tons Dutch Cheese.

## SPRING-MADE CANDLES.

THE LEITH CANDLE COMPANY beg leave to inform their Friends and the Public, That they have, as usual, a complete and fine assortment of Spring-made MOULDED, DIPPED COTTON, and TOW WICK.

All made of the very best home Tallow, which they continue to sell at the last year's prices.  
Orders left at Mr SPANGLER'S shop, opposite the Tron Church, Edinburgh, or sent to the Company's Office at Leith, will be carefully delivered in Edinburgh, or the neighbourhood, free of expense.

## LANDS IN PERTSHIRE.

To be sold by public auction, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, on Thursday the 15th day of November next, at 6 o'clock afternoon.

THE LANDS and ESTATE of KINCARDINE, with the extensive Woods thereof, and certain Crofts, within the Burgh of Ochterarder, lying in the parishes of Blackford and Ochterarder, and shire of Perth, halfway between Perth and Stirling.

The Lands are of great extent, and capable, as the lands of that vicinity are well known to be, of very great improvement at a moderate expense; and there are excellent situations for a mansion-house, and great scope for laying out pleasure ground.

The present rent is about 400l. and the leases expire in 1803. It affords a freehold qualification in the county.  
The title-deeds, rentals, and leases are in the hands of Mr Campbell, St James's Square, to whom any offer for a private bargain, previous to the day of sale, may be sent.

## MEETING OF CREDITORS.

AND SALE OF SUBJECTS AT ALLOA.  
THE Trustees on HENRY DEMESTER'S Estate request a Meeting of the Creditors on Wednesday the 5th day of December next, within the house of John Stewart, vintner in Alloa, to advise about matters of importance relative to the funds.

At one o'clock that day, within the said house, the whole of the SUBJECTS in the NEW TOWN of ALLOA, and these at the foot of Cowie's Loan, Alloa, that belonged to the said Henry Demester, will be exposed to sale by public roup, in one or more lots, as shall be agreed on; and as the Trustees mean to sell them off without reserve, it is expected that intending purchasers will avail themselves of such an opportunity.—Mr John McGowan, writer, will show the premises and title-deeds.  
Alloa, Oct. 25. 1798.

## TO DESERT.

THOSE indebted to the Estate of ANDERSON, LESLIE, and CO. Nursery and Seed Merchants in Edinburgh, are once more requested to order immediate payment of their accounts to Donald McLaine, seed merchant in Edinburgh, the trustee. Certifying all concerned that the actions already raised for compelling payment will be limited in upon the meeting of the Court; and that actions are likewise raising against the whole other debtors, which will be brought forward with all possible dispatch.  
Not to be repeated.

## FARMS IN ANGUS-SHIRE.

To let, for the space of Nineteen Years,  
THE FARM of GILCHORN, consisting of upwards of 400 acres arable, mostly inclosed, and well adapted for wheat. The turnpike road from Arbuthnot to Montrose runs through the farm, being about four miles distant from Arbuthnot, and seven from Montrose. There is a complete standing of offices, and an excellent dwelling-house on the farm. Part of the farm may be set off separately, if agreeable to offerers.

Also to be let,  
THE MILLS of BALMULIE, adjoining to the above farm, consisting of a Flour and Barley Mill, a Meal Mill, and two Lint Mills, together with about 40 acres of Land adjoining. These mills, having the command of the whole water of Luanan, are well worthy the attention of any person who might be inclined to carry them on to a considerable extent, or exchange them to any other kind of machinery.

The entry to the houses, grass, and mills at Whitunday 1799, and to the arable land at the separation of the next crop from the ground.  
Andrew Taylor, griever at Gilchorn, will show the said lands; and as to further particulars apply to John Rait, Esq. the proprietor, at Anniston.

## LIVERPOOL, February 12. 1798.

## MR LIGNUM.

TAKE the opportunity of forwarding this.—The inclosed is the attestation of Peter Gilbank, who came voluntarily forward and swore to the truth thereof, which I thought proper to transmit to you, and am, Sir, THOS. BILLINGE, Printer of the Liverpool Advertiser, and Marine Intelligence.

Mr LIGNUM, Surgeon, at his Dispensary, No. 37. Bridge Street, Manchester.

It is with the greatest pleasure I acquaint you of the ease and comfort I enjoy from the use of your invaluable Drops. After being afflicted with a violent scorbutic eruption for twenty-three years, which entirely covered my body, I am perfectly cured by taking only three bottles of your Antiscorbutic Drops; and have continued perfectly sound for the last fourteen months. I communicate this to you for the benefit of the afflicted, and am, Sir, your most humble servant,  
PETER OILBANK.

## Liverpool, Strand Street, No. 54.

Sworn before me, one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the borough of Liverpool, this second day of February 1798.  
These Drops are sold in moulded bottles square bottles at 12s. and 4s. 6d.—One 12s. bottle is equal in quantity to three 4s. 6d. ones. They may be had, wholesale and retail, at Mr LIGNUM'S, No. 57, Bridge Street, Manchester, and by appointment by,  
R. SCOTT, APOTHECARY.

## No. 3. South Bridge, Edinburgh; and by

Mr Keltie, perfumer, No. 15. St. Andrew's Street, N. Town.  
Mr Coke, bookbinder, Leith. Messrs. Johnston & Balfour, Perth.  
Mr Angus Macdonald, jeweller, and Mr Mennons, printer, Glasgow.  
Mr Dick, furgeon, Dundee. Mr Brown, printer, Newcast.  
Mr Dempster, furgeon, Cupar. Mr Hoffman, printer, Newcastle.  
Mr Craigie, Montrose. Mr Hall, printer, Newcastle.

\* Mr Scott and Mr McDonald being appointed wholesale agents for Scotland, Patent Medicine Venders may be supplied with any quantity on the same terms as at the Dispensary in Manchester.

## SEQUESTRATIONS, &c.

Creditors of ROBERT MACLAGAN, of Wood Street, Chesapeake, London, Merchant, to meet in the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on the 6th November, at two P. M. on business of importance.

Messrs. GOW, HARRIS, and Co. Tanners, and of ALEX. CRICHTON, Shoemaker, Arbuthnot, to see schemes of the second division with W. Colvill, writer there, till the 3d December, at noon, when they will meet in Miss Fildan's, vintner, to receive their dividends.

JOHN RENFREW, Manufacturer in Anderson, to meet in Chud Currie's, vintner, Glasgow, on the 15th November, at one P. M. to give instructions as to the sale of the outstanding debts, &c.



PHILADELPHIA—June 25, 1798.

Mr Marshall, one of the three Commissioners at Paris, who lately arrived here from France by way of New York, has been received with much distinction. He was met at some miles distance from Philadelphia by the Secretary of State and some Members of the Senate, escorted into town by a party of the new raised volunteer corps, and a public dinner has been since given to him by the principal Members of the two Houses of Congress.

PHILADELPHIA—July 16, 1798.

The measures adopted with a view to place this country in a state of preparation for a war with France, continue to be carried on with considerable spirit. The defenceless situation of the different sea-port towns is particularly felt, and the erection or repair of the fortifications necessary for the protection of the most exposed places is begun all along the coast of the Atlantic with a great degree of energy. In some parts of the country, particularly at New York, individuals have offered their personal service, gratis, for the construction of batteries. The sum appropriated to this object by Congress is 450,000 dollars; and an act has been passed, that when any individual state that happens to be indebted to the General Union shall, with the approbation of the President, complete any fortification already begun, or erect any additional works, the money thus applied shall be placed to the credit of that state.

The three frigates ordered by Congress to be completed and equipped, the United States of forty-four guns, the Constitution of forty-four, and the Constellation of thirty-six guns, have found no difficulty in procuring their full complement of men, although the monthly pay, seventeen dollars to able bodied seamen, is much inferior to the wages given at present by the Captains of merchant vessels.

A considerable addition to the number of these large frigates is likely to be made by voluntary subscription; the merchants of Philadelphia have undertaken to construct one of forty-four guns: At Boston upwards of one hundred thousand dollars have been subscribed for a similar purpose: At Baltimore, one hundred thousand: At New-York, Alexandria, Norfolk, Richmond, Charlestown, and almost all the considerable towns of the union, proportionate sums have been generously contributed.

The Congress have authorized the President to build a considerable number of vessels of inferior size:—Six of 32 guns, twelve of from 20 to 22 guns, six of 18 guns, and ten galleys. The number of revenue cutters, which carry from 8 to 14 guns each, are also to be multiplied along the coasts, and the President is empowered to increase their complement of men to the number of 70.

These vessels have been authorized by act of Congress to take all French armed vessels, and to retake such American vessels as may have been captured. The exertions of the officers and crews have been encouraged by a law securing to them a certain share in the value of the prizes they may make. The French privateer lately brought in by the American sloop of war the Delaware, has been regularly libelled and condemned in the Court of Admiralty here. The crews have been considered as prisoners of war, and are to be confined in Lancaster jail.

Congress has further ordered the formation of corps of marines to consist of 500 men, under the directions of a Major and a proper number of subaltern officers; and it appears that it is likely to be raised without difficulty.

Much time has been spent in Congress on a plan for better organizing and disciplining the militia. The President has been authorized to purchase 30,000 stand of small arms for the use of those bodies of militia that are most in want of them, which are to be deposited in convenient situations, and to be either lent to the different corps, or sold to them at prime cost.

The regular army of the United States is also to receive some increase. Congress has authorized the raising of twelve new regiments of infantry, and six troops of light dragoons, (which, with the two troops already existing, will form a regiment,) in addition to the provisional army of ten thousand men which the President has it in his power to levy in case of a threatened invasion. By this means the regular army will amount upon the whole to between twelve and thirteen thousand men, exclusive of the provisional one just mentioned.

The volunteer corps proceed with very great success. The spirit of enlistment has been in some degree increased by a plan, adopted by Congress, empowering the volunteers to form themselves into legions; that is to say, as it is understood here, into corps composed of infantry, cavalry, and artillery.

A body of this kind has very suddenly acquired numbers and respectability, and is likely soon to have the full complement of two thousand men. It is expected that those volunteers who may offer their service, in the whole extent of the United States, may in the end amount to from ninety to a hundred thousand men.

VIENNA—Oct. 4.

The last accounts from Malta, which were dated the 26th of August, brought intelligence that the French troops, to the number of about 2500 men, had, in consequence of the discontents of the inhabitants, which had broken out into acts of violence, retired within the forts, whither they had transported the powder and as much flour as they could lay up in the magazine; and that, in order to avoid the diminution of this store, they compelled the inhabitants and the town by the firing of a cannon, laden with a ball, over their houses, to bring them, from time to time, sufficient provisions for their present consumption.

CONSTANTINOPLE—Sept. 8, 1798.

Immediately upon receiving the news of the victory off the mouth of the Nile, the Grand Signor directed a superb diamond aigrette, (called a chelengk, or plume of triumph,) taken from one of the Imperial turbans, to be sent to Admiral Sir Horatio Nelson, together with a pelice of fable fur of the first quality.

He directed also a purse of two thousand sequins to be distributed among the British seamen wounded at the battle of the Nile.

These presents are to be conveyed to Sir Horatio Nelson in a Turkish frigate.

The following is a translation of the note delivered to Mr Smith, his Majesty's Minister Plenipotentiary upon the occasion.

TRANSLATION.

It is but lately, that, by a written communication, it

has been made known how much the Sublime Porte rejoiced at the first advice received of the English Squadron in the White Sea having defeated the French Squadron off Alexandria in Egypt.

By recent accounts comprehending a specific detail of the action, it appears now more positive, that his Britannic Majesty's fleet has actually destroyed, by that action, the best ships the French had in their possession.

This joyful event, therefore, laying this Empire under an obligation, and the service rendered by our much esteemed friend Admiral Nelson, on this occasion, being of a nature to call for public acknowledgment, his Imperial Majesty, the Powerful, Formidable, and Most Magnificent Grand Signor has deigned as a present, in his Imperial Name, to the said Admiral, a Diamond Aigrette (Chelengk) and a Sable Fur with broad sleeves, besides 2000 sequins to be distributed among the wounded of his crew. And, as the English Minister is constantly zealous to contribute, by his endeavours, to the increase of friendship between the two Courts, it is hoped he will not fail to make known this circumstance to his Court, and to solicit the permission of the Powerful and Most August King of England, for the said Admiral to put on and wear the said Aigrette and Pelice.

Sept. 8, 1798.

CONSTANTINOPLE—September 19.

Vice-Admiral Onufchakoff's Squadron is now actually under weigh for the Dardanelles, &c.

By letters just received from Smyrna, it appears, that the general measures of police adopted against the French have been pursued there with a more exemplary rigour than elsewhere. The individuals of the French nation have been thrown into the common prisons, and the whole French mission, including Jean Bon St Andre, and his papers, laden on half a dozen mules, are upon their way hither under an escort.

Three French vessels have been captured in the harbour, and the whole French property on shore confiscated.

ADMIRALTY OFFICE—Oct. 23.

Copy of a Letter from the Earl of St Vincent, K. B. Admiral of the Blue, &c. to EVAN NEPEAN, Esq. dated off Cadiz, the 30th Sept. 1798.

SIR,

I inclose two letters, representing eminent services performed by two officers and part of the crew of his Majesty's ships the Goliath and Alceme.

I am, Sir, &amp;c. ST. VINCENT.

Goliath off the Mouth of the Nile, the 25th August 1798.

SIR,

I HAVE great pleasure in informing you, that, at half after one this morning, the boats of his Majesty's ship Goliath, under the direction of Lieutenant William Debusk, attacked and carried, after an obstinate action of fifteen minutes, the French National armed ketch Torride, of 70 men, commanded by Mr Martin Bedat, Lieutenant de Vaisseau, mounting 3 long eighteen pounders, four swivels, and well appointed in small arms. The Castle of Berquier, under the guns of which the Torride was moored, also fired for her support, but the skill and courage of Lieutenant Debusk, and those under his command, was such as to baffle every attempt to save her. The French captain is badly wounded, I have therefore sent him on shore with a flag of truce. Lieutenant Debusk is slightly wounded, and one of his people likely to suffer amputation of his left arm. The prize had three killed and ten wounded. Several of the prisoners escaped to the shore by swimming.

THO. FOLLY.

To Captain Hood, Zealous.

Alceme, off Alexandria, Aug. 22, 1798.

SIR,

I beg leave to inform you, that La Legere French gun-boat, mounting 2 six-pounders, some swivels, and 61 men, was captured, this day, by his Majesty's ship under my command.

Though every preparation was made for running alongside and boarding her, to save any dispatches she might have for Buonaparte, we could not prevent their being thrown overboard, which was, however, perceived by John Taylor and James Harding, belonging to the Alceme, who, at the risk of their lives (the ship then going between five and six knots), dashed over board, and saved the whole of them.

Both men were most fortunately picked up by the boat that was sent after them, and I conceive it my duty to make known the very spirited conduct they shewed on this occasion, for the good of the service. I am, Sir, your most obedient servant,

GEORGE HOPE.

To Samuel Hood, Esq. Captain of his Majesty's Ship Zealous.

La Legere is forty days from Toulon, bound to Alexandria, with dispatches for General Buonaparte.

Extract of another Letter from the Earl of St Vincent, K. B. to EVAN NEPEAN, Esq. dated off Cadiz, the 28th September, 1798.

HEREWITH I inclose copies of two letters from Capt. Digby, of his Majesty's ship the Aurora, relating to captures lately made by that ship.

His Majesty's ship Aurora, Lisbon, 19th September 1798.

MY LORD,

I HAVE the honour to acquaint you of my arrival in the Tagus, with La Velos Aragonese, Spanish-built frigate, (lettre de marque) of 30 guns, and 90 men, Jale Eloy Sanchez, commander, with a cargo from La Guayra; the sails very fast. A defect in her rudder, and fore-top-mast being reefed, prevented her escape. Many of her guns were thrown overboard during the chase on the 16th inst. twenty leagues to the westward of the Bayones. I have the honour to be, &c.

H. DIGBY.

His Majesty's ship Aurora, River Tagus.

MY LORD,

I have inclosed a list of vessels taken during my last cruise.

La Velos Aragonese is a very complete ship, as large as our four-and-twenties, left Old Spain the 10th of April last, in company with a ship of the line and two frigates, that went to Cuba; her cargo by register consists of 3702 fanegas, 87 lb. cocoa, 98,466 lb. coffee, 3381 lb. indigo. Though very deep, she sails well; the Petrel in sight at the commencement of the chase.

I have the honour to be, &amp;c. H. DIGBY.

Earl of St. Vincent, K. B. &amp;c. &amp;c.

ADMIRALTY OFFICE—October 23.

Copy of a Letter from Captain GRAHAM MOORE, Commander of his Majesty's ship Melampus, to Sir JOHN BORLASE WARREN, dated at sea off Lough Swilly, the 16th inst.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to inform you, that on the 13th

Omitted to be sent.

instant, at midnight, being well up towards St John's Point, we discovered two large ships close to us on our weather beam—on seeing us they hauled up on the opposite tack. As I had not the least doubt of their being two of the enemy's frigates, we tacked and closed with the nearest in an hour, going ten knots. After hailing, and ordering her to bring to without effect, the trying to get away thwarted our Stern, we opened such a fire upon her as completely unrigged her in about twenty-five minutes, and forced her to bring to and surrender. She proved to be La Refolue French frigate, commanded by Jean Pierre Barqueau, mounting forty guns, and five hundred seamen and troops on board, the other frigate was L'Immortalite, of forty-four guns, twenty-four pounders on the main deck, and six hundred seamen and soldiers; she made several signals whilst we were occupied with her consort, but gave us no disturbance.

Both on this occasion, and during the action of the 12th, the officers, seamen, and marines, of his Majesty's ship under my command displayed the utmost degree of zeal, alacrity, and gallant spirit. Mr Martin, (the First Lieutenant, an old and good officer,) with Lieutenants Price, Ellison, and Hole, of the marines, conducted themselves much to my satisfaction, and I experienced very great assistance from the steady good conduct of Mr Emory, the Master.

As a very heavy gale of wind came on immediately after our boarding La Refolue, the Second Lieutenant, Mr John Price, with twenty-one men, were all that could be thrown on board of her, with the loss of our two cutters. That officer deserves very great credit for his active exertion in clearing her of the wreck of her masts and rigging, and in keeping company in so violent a storm; as our object was to disable our antagonist before her consort could assist her. La Refolue had only ten men killed, and a great number wounded; but I am inexpressibly happy to add, that in the action of the 12th we had only one man wounded; and the affair of the 13th did not deprive their country of the services of a single man of the brave crew of the Melampus.—I have the honour to be, &c. GRAHAM MOORE.

(This Gazette also contains letters from Admiral Harvey in the West India, relative to the capture of several privateers.—They shall appear in our next.)

For Army Promotions and Lloyd's List, see last page.



OCTOBER 23.

Paris papers to the 20th are received.

The Echo contains the following intelligence relative to the progress of Buonaparte.

"It is ascertained that a courier sent by Buonaparte, and who has been nearly two months in coming from Arabia, arrived last night with dispatches to the Directory.

All that is known at present is, that the army has been reinforced by a good cavalry of Arabs, and that it is in the best state. The climate has not injured the health of the brave warriors who compose it. It is now believed to be in the Persian Gulph, an arm of the Indian sea. The English had reported, that the Directory no longer existed, in order to discourage the French. But nothing can at present stop their triumphant march. (Echo, 18th Oct.)

The Redacteur contains the following intelligence: "A few days after Buonaparte landed at Alexandria, he concluded a treaty of alliance with the Arabs, after which he made dispositions for advancing into the country.

"Before his departure he ordered the names of the brave soldiers who were killed in taking Alexandria to be engraved upon Pompey's Pillar. He also caused them to be buried at the foot of the column.

"The army left Alexandria on the 19th Messidor (July 7). On the second Thermidor, (July 20), it was in sight of the Pyramids, and entered Cairo on the 4th (July 22).

"Some skirmishes with the Mamelouks had retarded its march. They were defeated in the battles of Rahmame, Chebreiffe, the Pyramids, and finally at the gates of Cairo, where two thousand of their best cavalry were killed.

"After the entry of the French troops into Cairo, the General in Chief was employed in organizing the provinces of Egypt.

"Mourad Bey has retired into Upper Egypt. Ibrahim Bey had fled to Belbeys. Buonaparte has formed an intrenched camp four leagues up the Nile from Cairo. This camp holds all the forces of Murat in check.

"A body of troops was at the same time advanced against Ibrahim, who immediately retreated towards Gaza. It required nine days march to enable this Bey to arrive at that place. He had no time to supply his troops either with provisions or water; and it is presumed that they have fallen a sacrifice to their wants and the attacks of the Arabs.

"In the pursuit of this last corps of Mamelouks, the army delivered from captivity a number of persons belonging to the Caravan of Mecca, whom the Arabs had taken prisoners, and carried into the Desert. Buonaparte made their property be collected, and sent them with it under an escort to Cairo. He gave a supper to some of the principal merchants of this Caravan and their wives. The latter were handsome, but their faces were covered, according to the custom of the country; a practice, however, to which our soldiers are not easily reconciled.

"The Canal of Cairo was opened on the 1st Fructidor (August 18) with great pomp. The people testified the most lively joy at seeing the French assist in the celebration of this festival.

"Intrenchments are formed on the confines of the vast desert which separates Egypt from Syria. A fortress is erected at Salchich, the last place in Egypt, on that side, where there is any good water.

"The army has found plenty of corn, rice, other vegetables, and cattle in Egypt. The climate is very healthy, and the nights have an agreeable coolness. Notwithstanding fifteen days march, much fatigue, and the total want of wine, there are no sick. The soldiers have been greatly benefited by the use of the Patiques, a kind of water melon, which are very plentiful in Egypt.

A letter from Strasburg, dated Oct. 12. gives the following account of the present state of the Turkish provinces:—"It is again asserted, that in Bohemia and in Moravia nothing is known of the march of any Russian troops. The new relations of the Porte with Russia are far from meeting the general consent. At Constantinople even discontent prevails, and in the provinces even insurrection spreads, and assumes a most alarming aspect. The rupture with France is not yet regarded

as decided on. It is thought that a reconciliation may take place, if the choler which first seized the Grand Signor be appeased. It appears that the defence on Egypt had been represented to him in the most hideous colours, and as a hostile attack."

The Prince of Conde, it should seem, is no more.—The Echo gives the following account of the manner of his being killed:

"We learn from good authority (say letters from Dantzic) that the Prince of Conde has been killed by a musket ball, at the moment when he was endeavouring to put into a state of subordination the corps he commands, and of which every officer or soldier would be the Chief. It is asserted, that it is forbidden in Russia to speak of the death of the Prince, under the most severe penalties.

"The letters which contain this news announce also that Paul I. every day invents and puts in practice new acts of cruelty, and that he is generally detested. Powerful parties are forming in Russia, who wait only the favourable moment for declaring themselves against the most vile and abominable slavery."

According to accounts from Limberg, of the 24th September, the Russian troops which were on their march to the western part of Galicia have halted in the environs of Theresopol. The return of a courier sent to Vienna, and which will decide whether their troops are to continue to advance, is waited for.—Prince Reppin was still at Theresopol on the 19th September.

A letter from Strasburg dated the 23d Vendemiaire, (14th Oct.) says, that "the Austrian General Staader, who commands the army on the Lech, has received orders to remove his head-quarters from Friedberg to Ulm. This movement would violate the line of neutrality, authorize the French troops to do the same, and thus lead to the recommencement of hostilities. Accounts which have just arrived, however, assure us that this General has received counter orders, and that the Austrian head-quarters are to continue at Friedberg. It is now thought that the French Executive Directory have arranged matters with the Cabinet of Vienna, as some letters state, that the Russian troops have received positive orders to halt in their march, and that they are in expectation of being ordered by a courier from Vienna, to return to their own territories.

Letters from Rastadt, dated the 12th October, state, that the votes of the Deputation of the Empire, taken in the sitting of that day, were very long. The proposal contains about 70 pages of a conclusion will not be determined upon for a few days. The majority of the votes are in substance as follow:

1. The condition of not constructing any fortification on the right bank of the Rhine, within a certain distance from that river, is refused.
2. That of charging the Empire with the debts of communities and villages is also rejected.
3. The Wall shall form the frontier on the Lower Rhine, and the sale of Buduch shall continue in the possession of the German Empire.
4. The toll of Esfeldt, being the property of a German Prince, (the Duke of Oldenburg,) in the possession of which he has not been interrupted, the Deputation cannot pretend to dispose of it, and no negotiation can be entered into upon the subject but immediately with the proprietor.
5. The Imperial cities of Bremen, Hamburg, and Frankfurt, form part of the league of the Empire, and there is no reason to fear any danger to their constitution.

The vote of Austria is particularly energetic. A courier has brought intelligence of the advancement of the Imperial troops on the Lech. The anxiety of reference is at Augsburg; and a column is advancing by forced marches to the frontiers of Switzerland. Advice from Semlin, of the 29th ult. state, that the Pacha commanding the army against Passawan Goulu has received 6000 men from the Grand Signor to carry the fortress of Widdin within a limited period, whatever number of lives it may cost. Forty thousand Russians are on the frontiers of Moldavia, ready to enter that province and second the operations of the Ottomans, if the Porte should require their assistance.

The Tunisians, in their late invasion of the Isle of Sicily, on the coast of Sardinia, after pillaging and setting fire to the habitations, carried off with them 800 prisoners. The Vice Consul of the Republic was not respected. He and his family were treated with the most outrageous cruelty, and plundered of every thing. In the midst of these disasters, the only person whom the Tunisians shewed any respect to was the English Consul—a proof that his countrymen were the instructors of these outrages.

Louis Victor Lomseil de Brienne, nephew of the Archbishop of Sens, convicted of emigration, has been condemned to death by the Military Commission of Quimper.

"Buonaparte launched a balloon in Egypt.—Such a sight could not but be considered as a miracle. He was immediately believed to be an envoy from Mahomet."—L'Echo.

These papers also contain, in a letter from Constantinople, an official account of the battle of the Nile, signed Horatio Nelson, said to have been received by the English Minister there, and published on the 19th Fructidor (Sept. 5). After giving a list of the English and French lines, with the number of killed on board the English ships, and the fate of the French Squadron, it concludes with the following particulars, which seem not yet to be known in this country.

Total number of the crews on board the French vessels burnt, taken, or sunk in the battle of the Nile, according to certificates of the Commissioners and Officers of the different vessels.

Landed by cartel, including the wounded, according to the receipt of Captain Barry of l'Alceste

Escaped from the Timoleon

Escaped from l'Hercule

Officers, carpenters, caulkers detained on board the squadron

Total

Killed, drowned, burnt, and lost

Extract of a Letter from Citizen FLURY, Consul of the French Republic at Bucharest, dated the 23d Fructidor (Sept. 9).

"Selim III. has dispatched into all parts of his dominions, Firman declaring war against the French Republic, and announcing, that the Sublime Porte has requested the assistance of Russia. This union of the Porte with its natural enemy is a political monstrosity, at which the inhabitants of this city loudly express their astonishment.

"In consequence of the declaration of war, and by orders from the Porte, I have been arrested and confined in a monastery, where I must wait the decision of my fate, respecting which there are different opinions. Some think that I shall be sent to Constantinople, to share the lot of Citizen Ruffin, whilst others believe, that after a few months detention I shall be permitted to return to Paris. There are others still who entertain conjectures of a more alarming nature. I am resigned to either event, and in every situation I shall maintain an appearance becoming a republican."



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Quarter past six yesterday evening, their Maj-  
ties, the Princesses Augusta, Elizabeth, Mary,  
and aunts, arrived at the Queen's Lodge, Wind-  
sor, Weymouth, in perfect health.

Duke of Grafton is chosen Recorder of Coven-  
try.  
General Assembly of the province of Halifax,  
in Nova Scotia, has unanimously voted the sum of five  
hundred guineas to purchase a star to be presented to  
his Royal Highness Prince Edward, as a testimony of  
the respect and attachment the inhabitants of the pro-  
vince have for his Royal Highness.

EVACUATION OF ST DOMINGO.  
It is now understood that the only port in the island  
of St Domingo which remained in our possession, the  
Sole, has been evacuated by convention with the  
French Commanders in that island. General Maitland  
is arrived in this country from that quarter. His  
health has been considerably impaired by the severity of  
the climate, and when he reached Falmouth, he was  
much indisposed.

List of passengers arrived at Falmouth by the Gran-  
ma.  
The Hon. Thomas Maitland, Brigadier General and Com-  
mander of his Majesty's forces at St Domingo.  
Colonel Harcourt, Deputy Adjutant General of St Do-  
mingo.

Dr Wright, Inspector General of the Hospital.  
James Maitland, Esq. Major of Brigade at St Domingo.  
Captain James Kennel, Assistant in the Adjutant Office, St  
Domingo.

Lieutenant Colonel Littlehales, Deputy Quarter Master, St  
Domingo.  
Seven servants to the General and his suite.  
Lieutenant Anderson, Esq. Royal Engineers, St Domingo.  
Captain Coates, Esq. 60th Regt. at Jamaica.

Ensign Walker, 60th Regt. ditto.  
Edward Warner, Esq. late Collector of Port au Prince.  
Edward Hopkins, Esq. Merchant at Jamaica.  
George Young, Esq.

Lieutenant Powney, Royal Artillery, died on his passage  
the 26th of Sept. 1798.  
Six invalids, which they brought from Cape Nichola. Mole.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.  
Mr Pitt is now occupied on a scheme of universal  
bonding of goods imported. A scheme undoubtedly of  
great utility, as it will considerably diminish the neces-  
sity for commercial capital, and, by simplifying the  
receipt of the Customs, economize the expense. At  
present the collection of the Customs is after the rate  
of 6l. 7s. 3d. per centum, while the collection of the  
Excise is after the rate only of 4l. 8s. 10d. per centum;  
it was for 1797.

The complication in the management of the Customs  
is pregnant with much inconvenience:  
The great receipt of Customs in 1797, was L. 6,339,848 19 6d.  
And yet the net produce was only 5,014,405 14 11d.

Above thirteen hundred thousand pounds being paid  
back in drawbacks and allowances, which have the  
double evil of increasing the expense of collection, and  
unnecessarily demanding an increase of capital in the  
merchant. Whereas if all goods imported were allow-  
ed to be warehoused and bonded until they were want-  
ed, we should add to the temptation of making Eng-  
land the magazine of the earth; and instead of 6 per  
cent. the Customs would be collected for less than one.

A gentleman lately arrived from Hamburg says,  
when the news arrived there of Admiral Nelson's vic-  
tory, the people were unanimous in testifying their joy,  
by ringing the bells, illuminations, and bonfires, &c.—  
which so offended the Minister of the Great Nation,  
that he sent a note to the Senate, desiring them to for-  
bid all such ridiculous and insulting excesses in future;  
and to use their authority in suppressing that for Lord  
Nelson's victory.

A letter written by Commodore Troubridge to Lord St  
Vincent, contains the following remarkable facts:  
"Arab and Egyptian labourers having deserted from  
the French, no labour can be performed, because the  
French themselves cannot stand the heat. For this  
reason the canal which supplies the cities in Alexan-  
dria could not be opened, as usual, when the Nile rose;  
and it is a fact, that the garrison of Alexandria and all  
the vast fleet in the port, are supplied very scantily by  
means of the canal. Great scarcity of provisions also  
prevails.—The fleet of victuallers which left Toulon  
previous to the 1st of August, and for the want of  
which great distress was felt, returned to Toulon, im-  
mediately on hearing of the late victory."

THIS DAY'S POST.  
LONDON—October 24.  
Two Hamburg mails became due this morning, nei-  
ther of which has arrived.

We yesterday stopped the press, to correct a report  
which we had in another part of our paper mentioned  
to be in circulation, of Vice Admiral Sir Richard On-  
slow having captured several Dutch ships of the line.  
It appears that this report was incorrect. Advice  
was, late in the afternoon of yesterday, received from  
Gravelines, giving an account of his having effected a  
landing on the Texel Island, and taken possession of it.  
The account was brought to Dover yesterday; but we  
understand that it wants confirmation before much cre-  
dit can be given to it.—Sun.

Letters were yesterday received by some Commercial  
Houses in the city, from Rotterdam, dated on the 20th,  
stating, that on the preceding day the Batavian Conven-  
tion had passed a decree, that after the 31st instant, no  
English goods whatever should be allowed to enter the  
Dutch ports, direct from England, coals excepted.—  
From the 1st to the 15th of November, all English  
vessels arriving in Dutch ports are to be ordered to de-  
part immediately for a neutral port; and after the 15th,  
all English vessels entering the Dutch ports are to be  
confiscated, for the benefit of the Batavian Republic.

A letter from Naples, dated Oct. 3, says—"On  
the 19th of September, in the afternoon, Adm. Nelson  
arrived here, with two of his ships of war. The King,  
the Queen, and the Hereditary Princess, expressed a  
wish to see him without going on board his ship; in  
consequence of which the English Admiral landed, and  
went to the British Minister's house. We enjoy the  
greatest tranquillity here. The greatest evil we experi-  
ence is the want of cash. The preparations for war are  
still continued."

We are sorry to announce a full confirmation of the  
account of the capture of the Leander man of war, of  
50 guns, by the Genereaux, of 74.—A letter was yester-  
day received from one of the officers of the captu-  
red ship, dated Corfu, giving an account of the unfor-

fortunate event. The action was not very severe, the  
Leander being nearly in a defenceless state, from the  
damage she received in the action of the 1st of August,  
and having little or no ammunition on board. We un-  
derstand the officers speak in the highest terms of the  
polite and hospitable treatment they have hitherto expe-  
rienced from their captors.

PLYMOUTH DOCK, Oct. 23.  
Arrived his Majesty's ship Fishguard, of 44 guns,  
Captain T. B. Martin, with the French frigate L'Im-  
mortalite, of 36 guns, 650 men including 230 troops;  
she is commanded by Citizen Le Grand, and was cap-  
tured on the 20th inst. after a desperate action of two  
hours and fifty minutes, in which she had two hundred  
men killed and mortally wounded. The Fishguard had  
nine killed, one missing, sixteen mortally, and four  
slightly wounded.

L'Immortalite was one of the French Squadron which  
was engaged on the 12th instant off Tory Island, and  
disarmed an English razee (which enabled her to  
escape), supposed to be the Anson. The French Gen-  
eral says, that the Hoche and six frigates had struck to  
the English Squadron when the left them, and there is  
little doubt but the other is taken. Citizen Le Grand  
and General Monge, Commander of the troops, were  
killed by the same shot which carried away the wheel,  
and she had not a brace or bowling but what was cut.  
She is quite a new frigate, her force 26 twenty-four  
pounders, 2 forty-two pound carronades, 2 thirty-two  
pound carronades, and 6 long nine pounders.

Eight Irish pilots are in irons on board the Fishguard,  
who were taken in L'Immortalite. They have a very  
elegant green standard, which they meant to have dis-  
played in Ireland. The first broadside from the French-  
men did great execution. The troops on board L'Im-  
mortalite, which are mostly dismounted Cavalry, are  
dressed in green, and fine looking men; they had a  
number of saddles and bridles on board. She has been  
out 36 days from Brest with the Squadron; she was  
taken 10 leagues west of Ushant, and had 15000 stand  
of arms on board, which were thrown overboard during  
the chase.

On Monday last died, at his house in Upper Brook street,  
Grosvenor Square, after a long and painful illness, the Right  
Hon. William Lord Bagot. His Lordship is succeeded in his  
title and estates by his eldest son, now Lord Bagot.

STOCKS.  
This day (Oct. 24) at twelve o'clock, 3 per cent. 53 3/4 1/2.

## Caledonian Mercury.

EDINBURGH—OCTOBER 27.

DUBLIN—October 23.

We hear that the state prisoners have been told  
to hold themselves in readiness to depart this kingdom  
at 24 hours notice. Those who are confined in New-  
gate were permitted on Sunday last to visit their fellow-  
sufferers in Kilmainham, where they dined together for  
the first time since the publication of the advertisement  
bearing the names of Messrs. O'CONNOR, McNEVEN, and  
EMMET; those gentlemen, since that circumstance,  
having been restricted in a communication with their  
friends.

Counsl. Sampson, in consideration of his impaired state  
of health, has departed some time since for Portugal.

COURT MARTIAL.  
Held in the barracks of Dublin, on Saturday, Oct. 13,  
1798, by order of Lieut-General Craig.

Col. Earl of ENNISKILLEN, President.  
Major Brown, R. L. D. Capt. Irwin, R. L. D.  
Capt. O'Connell, do. Capt. Carter, do.  
Capt. Leslie, Fermanagh. Lieut. Summers, 68th  
Joseph Atkinson, Esq. D. J. Advocate.

The Court being met and duly sworn, proceeded to  
the trial of HUGH WOLLAGHAN, of Middleton, in the  
county of Wicklow, yeoman, charged with having,  
on the 1st of Oct. inst. come to the house of THOMAS  
DOGHERTY, and did then and there shoot and kill the  
said Thomas Dogherty, to which he was encouraged  
by Charles Fox and James Fox, of the aforesaid coun-  
ty, yeoman—and the said James Fox is likewise charg-  
ed with having discharged a loaded gun at MARGARET  
BARRY, of Delgany, on the 1st Oct. inst.

The prisoner being duly arraigned, pleaded not  
guilty.

MARY DOGHERTY, county of Wicklow, being  
sworn, deposed, that on last Monday week, the prison-  
er, Hugh Wollaghan, came into her house at Delgany,  
and demanded if there were any bloody rebels there—  
that on deponent's answering there were not, only a  
sick boy—the prisoner then asked the boy if he  
was Dogherty's eldest son—upon which the boy  
stood up and told him he was—Wollaghan then said,  
"well, you dog, if you are, you are to die here;" the  
boy replied, "I hope not—if you have any thing a-  
gainst me, bring me to Mr. Latouche, and give me a  
fair trial, and if you get any thing against me, give me  
the severity of the law"—Wollaghan replied, "no you  
dog, I don't care for Latouche, you are to die here"  
on which deponent said to Wollaghan (he then having  
the gun cocked in his hand) "for the love of God,  
spare my child's life, and take mine"—Wollaghan  
replied, "no, you bloody whore, if I had your hus-  
band here, I would give him the same death."

He then snapped the gun, but it did not go off; he  
snapped it a second time, but it did not go off; upon  
which a man of the name of Charles Fox, but not either  
of the two prisoners at the bar, came in and said,  
"damn your gun, there is no good in it;" and that the  
said Fox at the same time observed to Wollaghan, that  
that man (pointing to the deponent's son) must be shot;  
that deponent then got hold of Wollaghan's gun, and  
endeavoured to turn it from her son, upon which the  
gun went off, grazed her son's body, and shot him in  
the arm; the boy staggered; leaned on a form, turned  
up his eyes, and said, "mother, pray for me!" On  
Wollaghan's firing the gun, he went out at the door,  
and in a short time returned again and said, "is not the  
dog dead yet?" that deponent replied, "Oh yes, Sir,  
he's dead enough!" upon which Wollaghan replied  
(firing at him again), "for fear he is not, let him take  
this!" deponent was at that instant holding up her son's  
head, when he fell and died.

ESTHER DOGHERTY, sister to the deceased, being  
examined as to the same points as her mother, gave si-  
milar evidence.

The prisoner, in his defence, brought witnesses who  
proved that Captain ARMSTRONG of the King's Coun-  
ty militia, gave orders to his men, that if they met  
with any persons whom they knew or suspected to be

He was the principal witness in the trial of the Mess. Shears,

rebels, they need not be at the trouble of bringing  
them in, but shoot them on the spot.

HUGH WOLLAGHAN and Messrs. Fox of the Mr.  
Kennedy yeomanry, accused of the above murder were  
acquitted by sentence of the Court-Martial.

LUBLIN CASTLE,  
28th October 1798.

Having laid before the Lord Lieutenant the pro-  
ceedings of a General Court Martial, held by your or-  
ders in Dublin Barracks, on Saturday the 19th inst.  
of which Colonel the Earl of ENNISKILLEN is Presi-  
dent, I am directed to acquaint you, that his Excel-  
lency entirely disapproves of the sentence of the above  
Court Martial, acquitting HUGH WOLLAGHAN, of a  
cruel and deliberate murder, of which, by the clearest  
evidence, he appears to have been guilty.

Lord Cornwallis orders the Court Martial to be  
immediately dissolved—and directs that HUGH WOL-  
LAGHAN shall be dismissed from the corps of yeomanry  
in which he served, and that he shall not be received  
into any other corps of yeomanry in this kingdom.

His Excellency further desires that the above may  
be read to the President and Members of the Court  
Martial in open Court. I have the honour to be, &c.  
H. TAYLOR, Sec.

Lieut-General Craig, &c. &c.

P. S.—I am also directed to desire that a new Court  
Martial may be immediately convened for the trial of  
such prisoner as may be brought before them—and that  
none of the officers who sat upon Hugh Wollaghan, be  
admitted as members.

Letter from a Gentleman at Londonderry, October 19.

I was this day down at Lough Swilly, and saw a ship  
come in under jury-masts, that we at first supposed was  
one of the French prizes, but proved to be the Mermaid  
frigate, of 32 guns, that on the 15th inst. had engaged  
a French frigate of 48 guns for three hours within pi-  
stol-shot. The gallantry of this action has not been ex-  
ceeded this war, as besides the great superiority in num-  
ber of guns and weight of metal, the Frenchman had  
500 troops on board destined for this country. From  
the wreck she was left in there is every reason to sup-  
pose she foundered that night in a gale.

It was an unfortunate circumstance for our gallant  
tars, that the Mermaid's mizen mast and main top-mast  
went over the side just as they had silenced the French-  
man's fire and given her three cheers. The laughter  
must have been immense, as they were seen to throw  
above board 30 men overboard, and I am told her bow  
was like a riddle from the Mermaid's shot. The Mermaid  
had three killed and eleven wounded; on the whole it  
appears to me not inferior to the most brilliant action of  
the war, and that no reward can be too great for the  
gallant officers and brave seamen who were engaged in it.

Our Paper, this day, is fertile of intelligence of great  
importance. The London Gazette contains advices from  
America, which show the determined spirit of the Con-  
gress and the people to vindicate their rights, and sup-  
port their independence, against the encroachments of  
France. Numerous bodies of volunteers are raising in  
the different States; ships of war are building; and  
some are already at sea, to protect their commerce from  
the depredations of the enemy. A French vessel  
which had been captured, has been regularly condemn-  
ed as a lawful prize, and the crew committed to a place  
of confinement, as prisoners of war. This is the first  
direct act and declaration of war on the part of the  
United States.

The general sentiment of the people is decidedly in  
opposition to the conduct of France; and the attempt  
made by the Directory, to subjugate and degrade their  
country, has been repelled, in a manner highly honour-  
able to the American nation.

The affairs of France, in regard to Egypt and the  
Eastern Nations are highly interesting. The Sublime  
Porte has shown, in the most decided manner, his de-  
termination to oppose their progress through his terri-  
tories. His expressions of respect towards Admiral Nel-  
son and his gallant tars, are proofs of his friendship for  
Britain.

The coalition formed between the Porte and the  
Court of Russia is a new and singular phenomenon in  
the history of Europe. In the usual language of poli-  
ticians, they were styled natural enemies. Yet, such is  
the effect produced by the unprecedented and desolating  
measures pursued by the Rulers of France, that nations  
hitherto habitually inimical are united as friends, to op-  
pose the common enemy, who aims at the subjugation  
of every state.

During the lifetime of the Imperial Catherine, Eu-  
rope often heard of what she was to do in support of  
the regular Governments against the desolating  
steps of the French.—All her exertions, however, were  
vested in a manifesto or two, but without the necessary  
ingredients of powder and ball. Her successor, how-  
ever, seems to be more sincere in his purposes. Al-  
ready a fleet has sailed, and a powerful body of troops  
has taken the field to act in concert with the Continen-  
tal powers. The Russian forces amount to 470,000.

By the French papers which have been received  
down to the date of the 20th inst. we are told, that  
BUONAPARTE is advancing towards the Persian Gulph,  
and that he has approached the Pyramids. In his  
progress, however, he has had several rencontres with  
the natives, and we are told of the battle of the Py-  
ramids, &c. In all the proceedings of this celebrated Gen-  
eral it is observable, that he never fails to embrace every  
opportunity of gaining upon the minds of his followers,  
either by flattering their prejudices or by calling to  
their recollection those heroic achievements of the an-  
cients which have emblazoned the page of history, and  
arrested most the attention of mankind. Agreeable to  
this we are told that after taking Alexandria, he caus-  
ed the names of those soldiers who fell in the action,  
to be engraved on Pompey's pillar.

Thus we find that every stratagem is laid hold of to  
buoy up the minds of his soldiers; and surely it must  
be admitted, that, in his present situation, all this; and a  
great deal more, will be necessary.—To gain upon the  
inhabitants of the countries through which he has passed  
he has resorted to similar means, and unfortunately the  
people have been too easily led to believe him sincere.  
His successful duplicity on Italy is too recent to be for-  
gotten, and the inhabitants now find, when too late,  
that all his pretences were founded on fallacy, and that  
they must now suffer, without complaining, the effects  
of their own credulity.

He is now playing the same game in Egypt.—We  
have already heard of his devotion to the Mahometan  
creed, and his respect for the Alcoran and customs of  
the people. How his eloquence may work on the wild  
Arabs we must wait for time to determine; but left this  
should be ineffectual, we are told he has already turned

his attention to what may captivate their senses; a bal-  
loon has been launched, and its ascension has had such  
an impression upon their untutored minds, that they  
pronounced him an Envoy from Mahomet. What  
may be the end of this wonder-working General no-  
body knows, but judging from present circumstances, it  
appears not to be far off.

The navy of Britain continues to add daily trophies  
to those already won. The most effectual answer to  
French jargon is a broadside from the British tars.

Admiral Onslow has effected a landing on Texel  
Island, by which he has secured the command of that  
river.—This intelligence was brought to the Admiralty  
on Tuesday. The Texel Island is situated at the mouth  
of the Zuyder Sea, separated by a very narrow channel,  
through which all vessels bound for Amsterdam must  
pass.—It is the principal naval arsenal of Holland.

A letter from Londonderry, Ireland, dated 17th  
Oct. says—the Le Hoche and four frigates are now  
our prizes, and safely moored in Lough Swilly, with  
4000 troops on board.

Lord Baidroxt with the Channel fleet has return-  
ed to Torbay, several of the ships having received da-  
mage in the late gales of wind.

The London Papers received this morning do not  
contain any intelligence of importance, if we except  
the capture of the French frigate, L'Immortalite of 36  
guns, by the Fishguard of 42 guns, Captain MARTIN.  
She had on board 250 soldiers, destined for Ireland.  
General MONGE, second in command, and also the  
French Captain, were both killed at the same moment,  
by a cannon shot, near the wheel. She fought a de-  
perate action of two hours and a half.

While on the Irish coast, an Irish revenue boat went  
alongside, conceiving the was an English ship, from  
having false colours, the crew of which were detained  
as prisoners, and obliged to act as pilots.

About fifty Irish gentlemen went on board her whilst  
she continued on the coast, (seven of whom are said to  
be in irons on board the Fishguard,) who, from the  
friendly intercourse that appeared to subsist between them  
and the enemy, may naturally be considered as no very  
good friends to their own country.

The Sun, and other London papers, seem to doubt  
the truth of the intelligence received yesterday concern-  
ing the taking of the Texel Island.

We are authorized to inform the public, that the  
French Squadron said to have been out from Dunkirk,  
and destined either for the North Sea or the coast of  
Ireland, (as mentioned in our paper of Saturday last,)  
has put into the port of Flushing.

On Friday, the 19th inst. Lady AUGUSTA CLAVER-  
ING was safely delivered of a son.

JAMES MONRO, eldest son of John Monro, late  
merchant in Edinburgh, died at China in January last.

Died here, on Saturday last, EDWARD LECHMERE,  
jun. Esq. representative in the last Parliament for the  
city of Worcester.

On Friday died at London, Field-Marshal STRO-  
NGOLME HODGSON, Governor of Fort George and Fort  
Augustus, and Colonel of the 11th regiment of light  
dragoons, at the advanced age of 90 years.

The agent for French prisoners at Edinburgh has re-  
ceived notice to provide quarters for 150 of the crew  
of the Recluse, lately brought up to Greenock by the  
Melampus frigate. The remainder, we are informed,  
will be sent to England.

## LEGACIES

BEQUEATHED BY THE LATE MRS. SCOTLAND.			
The Charity Workhouse of Edinburgh	£	150	0 0
The Charity Workhouse of St. Clutha's	£	50	0 0
The Orphan Hospital	£	50	0 0
The Servants' Ward in the Infirmary	£	50	0 0
The Edinburgh Dispensary	£	50	0 0
The Brideswell	£	50	0 0
The Society of the Sons of the Clergy of the Es- tablished Church	£	50	0 0
The Society for propagating Religious Knowledge among the Poor	£	50	0 0
The Society for Relief of the Deaf and Indigent Sick	£	50	0 0
The Society for Relief of the Industrious and Indi- gent Poor	£	50	0 0
The Society for Relief of the Indigent Blind	£	50	0 0
L. 500 0 0			

## SYNOD OF MERSE AND TIVIODALE.

On Tuesday last, at a meeting of the Synod of Merse  
and Tiviodale, they agreed to congratulate his Majesty  
on the late important victories.

They then took under consideration a reference from  
the Presbytery of Lauder, relative to some of their  
brethren employing Mr. J. YOUNG, in preaching and  
administering the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper,  
notwithstanding the last Assembly had declared him not  
qualified to hold a living in the church.—The Synod  
appointed the Presbytery to ascertain the facts; and re-  
ferred parties to the General Assembly.—A similar  
complaint being made, and a similar sentence proposed  
upon a minister of the Presbytery of Chirnside, it was  
decided by the Moderator's casting vote to refer it to  
the judgment of the Presbytery. Against this a com-  
plaint and dissent was entered.

They next took under consideration an overture re-  
specting the propriety of employing preachers or mini-  
sters not licensed or ordained by the Church of Scot-  
land.—Referred to next meeting of Synod.

HADDINGTON, Oct. 26.

Wheat	Barley	Oats	Peas	Beans
First 24s 6d	20s 6d	15s 6d	12s 6d	14s 6d
Second 23s 6d	17s 6d	14s 6d	11s 6d	13s 6d
Third 16s 6d	16s 6d	13s 6d	10s 6d	12s 6d

## Shipping Intelligence.

The Ceres, McIntosh of Leith, was at Dominica, 1st Sep-  
tember, all well.—Expected a convoy to sail for England in  
October.

## ARRIVED AT LEITH.

Oct. 25 Tweed Packet Ord, London, goods—Edinburgh and  
Berwick Packet, Cooper, do. do—Joan, McLachlan, Green-  
ock, do—William and Thomas, White, London, do—En-  
deavour, Tod, Perth, do—Betsey, Robertson, A. mouth,  
grain—Crotton, Gibb, do—Jean, Morrison, Sunderland,  
clay—Langton, Roper, Peterburgh, goods—26—Provi-  
dence, Morton, Greenock, do—Eagle, Goodson, Dunbar,  
grain—Kitty, Brodie, Eyemouth, barley—Peggy and Nelly,  
Watt, Dundee, do—three sloops with coals.

## CLEARED OUT.

Glasgow Packet, Taylor, London, goods—Ann, Ross Glas-  
gow, do—Lizard, Russell, London.

## WIND EAST—blowing hard.

## ARRIVED AT BRASSAY BUND.

Sept. 29 Two Brothers, Miller, from Inverkeithing.  
20 Isabella and Mary Packet, Mason, from Aberdeen.  
Elizabeth, Raeburn, from Leith.

23 Langton, do, of Lancaster, from —, cap-  
tured by a French privateer, off Shetland, re-taken by  
his Majesty's ship inspector, and sent in here.

Oct. 4 His Majesty's ship inspector, from a cruise.  
Nauzy, Hempstead, from Charleston.



# WAR OFFICE—Oct. 23.

Argyllshire Volunteer Infantry.  
Second Lieutenant Dugald Campbell to be First Lieutenant vice Dugald Campbell, appointed to the Argyllshire militia. Archibald McAlachlan, to be Second Lieutenant, vice Dugald Campbell. M. Darley, to be Second Lieutenant, vice Brown, promoted.

## Peelers Volunteers.

James Reid, to be Lieutenant, vice Lord Linton, whose appointment does not take place.  
Eastern District of Sutherland Volunteers.  
Second Lieutenant John Sutherland, of the Broca company to be Adjutant.

## Western District of Sutherland Volunteers.

Donald Macleod, to be Adjutant.  
Erratum in the Gazette of the 25th of August last.  
Kirkcubbin and Inverness Volunteers.

For John Anderson, to be Second Lieutenant—read John Stuart, to be Second Lieutenant.  
Erratum in the Gazette of the 25th inst.

For Strathpey Fencible Infantry—Nelson Scott to be Assistant Surgeon—read 1st Battalion of the Royal Marine Fencible Infantry—Nelson Scott, to be Assistant Surgeon.  
Commissioners signed for the Officers of the Fourth Regiment of North British Militia.

To be Captains—Charles Riddell, Thomas Crichton, Lord Montagu, James Burnett, Sir Charles Douglas, Bart.—all dated May 21, 1798.  
To be Captain Lieutenant—Alexander Campbell;—dated May 1798.

To be Lieutenants—Andrew Watson, George L. Macmurdoo, Robert McMillan, James Ballanhyne, John Dunlop, William Loch, John Murray, Robert McKearlie, Allan McLean;—all dated May 21, 1798.

To be Ensigns—Charles Rutherford, George Pott, Robert Coltart, Robert Cannon, Robert Graham, Patrick Erskine;—all dated May 21, 1798.  
To be Adjutants—Alexander Campbell;—dated May 21, 1798.  
To be Quarter-Master—George L. Macmurdoo;—dated May 21, 1798.

To be Surgeon—Patrick Erskine;—dated May 21, 1798.  
To be Assistant-Surgeon—Robert Huggan;—dated May 21, 1798.

## —BANKRUPTS—

Robert Martin, Birmingham, baker and shopkeeper.  
Samuel Wood, Mile End Road, Middlesex, baker.  
John Smith, Calton, Staffordshire, dealer and chapman.  
Roger Taylor, Liverpool, mason, dealer, &c.  
Richard Critchell, Buckland Newton, Dorsetshire, shopkeeper.

## LLOYD'S MARINE LIST, Oct. 23.

Le Hoche French man of war of 74 guns, and three French frigates, having troops on board, are captured on the north coast of Ireland, by the squadron under command of Sir J. B. Warren, and carried into Loch Swilly. La Resolue French frigate of 36 guns, having on board 250 troops, is captured by the Melampus frigate, and carried to Greenock.

The Peggy, Hannah, from Jamaica to Glasgow, and the Betsey, Underwood, from Jamaica to Liverpool, are taken and carried into the Havannah.

The Heriot, Orr, from Liverpool to Baltimore, has been taken, retaken by the Cambrian frigate, and sent into Plymouth.

The Thom, Webster, from Petersburg to Liverpool, is taken by a privateer of 16 guns and 200 men, and carried into Bergen.

The Betty, Miller, from Liverpool and Dublin to Antigua, is taken by the French and burnt.

The America, —, from Charleston to Amsterdam, is put into New York leaky.

The Danish ship, Norge Hirschholm, from London to Naples, is captured and carried into Malaga.

The Tiger, Blagden, from Archangel, is on shore at Pitcher's Point, and bilged.

The Britannia, Clark, was spoke with 27th June, in lat. 27. 55. long. 35. 31. by Captain Moring of the Duckenfield Hall.

The Morse, the Leviathan, and the Bellisarius, —, from London, were well in Walwick, 6th August.

The London, Gardener, Buttersworth, Fraser; Liberty, Baxter; and Amelia, Scott, of London, were left well at the Gallapagos Isles by the Caroline, arrived in the River.

## WINDS AT DEAL.

Oct. 19. W. N. W. — 20. S. W. — 21. do. — 22. do. —

## MAILS.

Arrived—Ireland, 3—Hamburg 1—Lisbon, 0—Jamaica, 1.  
Due—Ireland, 3—Hamburg 1.

## A FARM IN FIFE TO BE LET.

To be let for nineteen years, and entered to at Martinmas 1799.

THE FARM OF MURDOCAIRNIE and SCRYND, in the parish of Kilmany, and shire of Fife, as possessed by David Tod, situated within three miles of the Tay, and nearly the same distance from the county town, and containing in whole about 200 Scots acres.

Offers in writing may be made to James Thomson, writer to the signet, North Castle Street, Edinburgh, or to Mr Horsburgh, Cupar Fife.

## A FARM IN FIFE TO BE LET.

To be let for nineteen years, and entered to at Martinmas 1799.

THE FARM OF GLENTARKIE, in the parish of Abernethy, and shire of Fife, supposed to contain about 160 acres of arable land, and 140 of hill pasture.

Great part of the arable land is a thick black soil—and the hill is well adapted for rearing young cattle.

Offers in writing may be given to James Thomson, writer to the signet, Edinburgh; or to David Walker, merchant in Strathmiglo.

## UPSET PRICE REDUCED.

VILLAS IN THE NEIGHBOURHOOD OF EDINBURGH FOR SALE.

To be sold, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Thursday the 29th day of November 1798, at one o'clock afternoon.

THE VILLA OF BROUGHTON PARK, formerly belonging to Andrew Leslie, seedsman, lying on the north side, and in the immediate vicinity of the city of Edinburgh, consisting of 4 acres, 2 rods, and 11 falls or thereby, all well inclosed.

Upon the premises, which command most delightful views of the Forth and country around, there are a neat commodious mansion-house, and suitable offices, also a garden well stocked with fruit trees and bushes of the best sorts, with a handsome peach-house and viney, erected within these few years.—Likewise, a small Dwelling-house, small garden, &c. all these occupying about three-fourths of an acre, the remainder of the ground being laid out in nursery and flower gardens.

II. THE PROPERTY AT PORTOBELLO, about three miles east from Edinburgh, on the sea shore, formerly belonging to James Cunningham, seedsman in Edinburgh, consisting of 4 acres, 2 rods, and 4 falls or thereby (exclusive of a large piece of ground that may be taken in at a small expense from the sea shore) all well fenced by stone walls, and neatly laid out in three separate inclosures, surrounded by a garden well stocked with fruit trees and bushes of the best sorts, shrubbery, &c. with the privilege of a separate access from the high road down to the sea shore, along the outside of the east boundary of the property.

In the southmost enclosure, adjoining the high road, there is a neat commodious Dwelling-house; and in the north enclosure, by the sea shore, there is also a commodious Dwelling-house called PORTOBELLO TOWER, with a well and proper offices, &c.

These premises are most particularly well adapted for Bathing quarters, and may either be occupied as they presently are, or converted into three separate Villas, the middle enclosure affording a delightful and most convenient situation for a dwelling-house, &c. having a well of good water, and the privilege of access both to the high road and the sea shore, without interruption, with the rest of the property; besides, from the increasing demand for summer lodgings at Portobello, part of the ground might be let off to great advantage for erecting small houses with gardens, for which it is extremely well calculated.

For further information persons inclining to purchase may apply to Donald McLaine, seedsman, at the Cross, or to Alexander Forsyth, writer, South St David's Street, in whose hands the articles of roup, title-deeds, plans of the subjects, and searches for incumbrances may be seen.

## DEFENCE OF THE COUNTRY.

The Subscriptions in the Town and Parish of Dundee, amount to, including assessed taxes, L. 50 0 0  
Exclusive of ditto, 199 3 0  
449 3 0

## Additional Subscriptions in MONTROSE.

Major Turnbull, in addition to £1 formerly published, L. 5 0 0  
Lady Gordon, Gayfield, L. 1 1 0  
Miss Irvine, L. 1 1 0

Subscriptions in the Parish of Dun, in the County of FORFAR.  
John Erskine, Esq. of Dun, L. 20 0 0  
Mrs Erskine, L. 5 0 0  
Miss Erskine, L. 5 0 0  
Mary Pitcairn, L. 5 0 0  
Mess. R. & A. Airth, L. 2 2 0  
John Buchanan, L. 2 2 0  
David Nave, L. 2 2 0  
John Conlie, L. 2 2 0  
James Selbie, sen., L. 2 2 0  
Alexander Couits, L. 2 2 0  
James Selbie, L. 2 2 0  
George Webster, L. 2 2 0  
James Menmuir, L. 2 2 0  
John Johnston, L. 2 2 0  
James Guthrie, L. 2 2 0  
James Pett, L. 2 2 0  
William Baxter, L. 2 2 0  
Mrs Ogilvie, L. 2 2 0  
Margaret Graham, L. 2 2 0  
Janet Mitchell, L. 2 2 0  
Elizabeth Cuthbert, L. 2 2 0  
William Morrison, L. 2 2 0  
George Menmuir, L. 2 2 0  
Mrs Cruickshank, L. 2 2 0  
Miss Cruickshank, L. 2 2 0  
Mrs Gerard, L. 2 2 0  
Miss Gerard, L. 2 2 0  
Shand, L. 2 2 0  
Abraham McKillop, L. 2 2 0  
Robert Thomson, L. 2 2 0  
William Anderson, L. 2 2 0  
Robert Pirie, L. 2 2 0  
James Tosh, L. 2 2 0  
Hugh Cloudsley, L. 2 2 0  
William Jarro, L. 2 2 0  
William Robb, L. 2 2 0  
James Malcolm, L. 2 2 0  
Robert Mollison, L. 2 2 0  
James Petrie, L. 2 2 0  
William Johnston, L. 2 2 0  
James Smith, L. 2 2 0  
David Middleton, L. 2 2 0  
Alexander Milne, L. 2 2 0  
George Watt, L. 2 2 0  
Robert Milne, L. 2 2 0  
James Campbell, L. 2 2 0  
George Thomson, L. 2 2 0  
John Thomson, L. 2 2 0  
Janet Pirnie, L. 2 2 0  
Margaret Baillie, L. 2 2 0  
John Duncan, L. 2 2 0  
David Mug, L. 2 2 0  
Elizabeth Christie, L. 2 2 0  
William Burnett, L. 2 2 0  
Isobel Hanton, L. 2 2 0  
George Eston, L. 2 2 0  
John Burnett, L. 2 2 0  
Alexander Hanton, L. 2 2 0  
Alexander Myers, L. 2 2 0  
Alexander Stephen, L. 2 2 0  
William Walker, L. 2 2 0  
John Japp, L. 2 2 0  
John Thomson, L. 2 2 0

James Bertie, L. 2 2 0  
Jean Bertie, L. 2 2 0  
David Bertie, L. 2 2 0  
James Duncan, L. 2 2 0  
Elizabeth Baillie, L. 2 2 0  
Andrew aw, L. 2 2 0  
James Kerr, L. 2 2 0  
Robert Balfour, L. 2 2 0  
David Murray, L. 2 2 0  
David Valentine, L. 2 2 0  
Alexander Fiddes, L. 2 2 0  
Helen Fiddes, L. 2 2 0  
James Bisset, L. 2 2 0  
John Mollison, L. 2 2 0  
Andrew Cobb, L. 2 2 0  
John Valentine, L. 2 2 0  
David Wright, L. 2 2 0  
Ann Smart, L. 2 2 0  
James Waugh, L. 2 2 0  
Alexander Thom, L. 2 2 0  
David Mitchell, L. 2 2 0  
David Gilbert, L. 2 2 0  
James Webster, L. 2 2 0  
James Spankie, L. 2 2 0  
Elizabeth Spankie, L. 2 2 0  
Thomas Durie, L. 2 2 0  
William Durie, L. 2 2 0  
James Pett, L. 2 2 0  
James Wallace, L. 2 2 0  
James Mill, L. 2 2 0  
Joseph Petrie, L. 2 2 0  
David Mill, L. 2 2 0  
Alexander Japp, L. 2 2 0  
Rev. James Lauder, L. 2 2 0  
Miss Dundas, L. 2 2 0  
David Guthrie, L. 2 2 0  
David Scott, L. 2 2 0  
Janet Montgomery, L. 2 2 0  
Nelly Finlay, L. 2 2 0  
George Matters, L. 2 2 0  
Alexander Japp, L. 2 2 0  
Robert Watson, L. 2 2 0  
George Scott, L. 2 2 0  
John Dalgleish, L. 2 2 0  
James Allan, L. 2 2 0  
William Monon, L. 2 2 0  
David Mitchell, L. 2 2 0  
Alexander Hosie, L. 2 2 0  
Gabriel Wilson, L. 2 2 0  
James Davidson, L. 2 2 0  
Helen Allison, L. 2 2 0  
William Clark, L. 2 2 0  
Mrs Hunter, L. 2 2 0  
John Henry, L. 2 2 0  
Helen Fraser, L. 2 2 0  
Mary Mollison, L. 2 2 0  
Jean Low, L. 2 2 0  
Jean Hog, L. 2 2 0  
Isabel Bowden, L. 2 2 0  
Alexander Black, L. 2 2 0  
Patrick Burn, school-master, L. 2 2 0

Subscriptions in the Parish of KIRKEDEN in FORFARSHIRE.  
Thomas Scott, Legatstown, L. 1 0 0  
Thomas Skair, Pitmowies, L. 1 0 0  
Charles Gardyne, L. 1 0 0  
David Rae, in Ground of Garden, L. 1 0 0  
George Anderson, Cottertown of do, L. 1 0 0  
John Taylor, jun. do, L. 1 0 0  
James Taylor, do, L. 1 0 0  
John Taylor, sen., L. 1 0 0  
William Taylor, do, L. 1 0 0  
James Pyott, do, L. 1 0 0  
Henry Gibson, do, L. 1 0 0  
John Smith, do, L. 1 0 0  
Andrew Esten, do, L. 1 0 0  
John Robinson, L. 1 0 0  
James, Robert, and David Pyot, do, L. 1 0 0  
John Carry, L. 1 0 0  
Andrew Ritchie, L. 1 0 0  
David Mann, jun., L. 1 0 0  
Andrew Young, L. 1 0 0  
David Gourlay, L. 1 0 0  
Miss Betty Ogilvie, L. 1 0 0  
William Watt, L. 1 0 0  
James Mill, Ellenshill, L. 1 0 0  
The Rev. Mr William Milligan, L. 1 0 0  
David Nicoll, L. 1 0 0  
Andrew Rait, L. 1 0 0  
Douglas Guthrie, servant to A. Reid, L. 1 0 0  
David Wallace, labourer, L. 1 0 0  
Peter Low, L. 1 0 0  
William Kydd, L. 1 0 0  
James Scot, L. 1 0 0

Subscriptions in the Parish of MENMUIR, in FORFARSHIRE.  
Misses Margaret, Katharine Volume, L. 0 6 6  
Jean, Elizabeth, Mary Robertson, L. 0 6 6  
and Ann, Carnegie, Margaret Luckie, L. 0 6 6  
negies, L. 4 4 0  
Ann Brown, L. 0 6 6  
Jas. Carnegie Arbuthnot, Esq., L. 25 0 0  
James Webster, L. 1 0 0  
David Webster, L. 1 0 0  
John Mollison, L. 1 0 0  
David Young, L. 1 0 0  
George Guthrie, L. 1 0 0  
James Black, L. 1 0 0  
Andrew Roberts, L. 1 0 0  
James Sommerville, L. 1 0 0  
James Deckars, L. 1 0 0  
James Mearns, L. 1 0 0  
David Fairweather, L. 1 0 0  
John Mitchell, L. 1 0 0  
John Wood, L. 1 0 0  
Sarah Belly, L. 1 0 0  
Margaret Mill, L. 1 0 0  
John Will, L. 1 0 0  
Peter McGregot, L. 1 0 0  
David Young, L. 1 0 0  
David Webster, L. 1 0 0  
Allan Henry, L. 1 0 0  
Robert Gray, L. 1 0 0  
Andrew Dundas, L. 1 0 0  
James Dakers, L. 1 0 0  
John Byers, L. 1 0 0  
Alexander Joe, L. 1 0 0  
Margaret Anderson, L. 1 0 0  
George Law, L. 1 0 0  
Alexander Bean, L. 1 0 0  
James Christie, L. 1 0 0  
John Dalgity, L. 1 0 0  
John Lindsay, L. 1 0 0  
Alexander Edward, L. 1 0 0  
Alexander Milne, L. 1 0 0  
Alexander Black, L. 1 0 0  
James Hunter, L. 1 0 0  
David Low, L. 1 0 0  
Angus Dakers, L. 1 0 0  
Mary Dakers, L. 1 0 0  
James Carnegie, L. 1 0 0  
John Gordon, L. 1 0 0  
David Whammond, L. 1 0 0  
John Anderson, L. 1 0 0  
John Fairweather, L. 1 0 0  
Agnes Merans, L. 1 0 0  
Thomas Hendry, L. 1 0 0  
Eliz. & Ann Cowie, L. 1 0 0  
David Clark, L. 1 0 0  
Katharine Volume, L. 0 6 6  
Mary Robertson, L. 0 6 6  
Margaret Luckie, L. 0 6 6  
Ann Brown, L. 0 6 6  
James Smart, L. 0 6 6  
John Clark, L. 0 6 6  
Alex. Kinnear, L. 0 6 6  
Rev. Mr Jo. Waugh, L. 2 0 0  
Alex. Guthrie, L. 1 0 0  
John Guthrie, L. 1 0 0  
Alex. Scott, L. 1 0 0  
Alex. Guthrie, L. 1 0 0  
David Cobb, L. 1 0 0  
John Baxter, L. 1 0 0  
Wm. Henderson, L. 1 0 0  
James Lighton, L. 1 0 0  
James Webster, L. 1 0 0  
Wm. Crockat, L. 1 0 0  
John Watt, L. 1 0 0  
David Leuchars, L. 1 0 0  
David Skhair, L. 1 0 0  
Jean Fairweather, L. 1 0 0  
Agnes Skair, L. 1 0 0  
David Thomson, L. 1 0 0  
Elizabeth Mather, L. 1 0 0  
Joseph Thomson, L. 1 0 0  
Alex. Rickart, L. 1 0 0  
John Rickart, L. 1 0 0  
Robert Mill, L. 1 0 0  
John Cobb, L. 1 0 0  
Alex. Duncan, L. 1 0 0  
Alex. Blue, L. 1 0 0  
David Baxter, L. 1 0 0  
David Stott, L. 1 0 0  
Wm. Stott, L. 1 0 0  
Robert Jurven, L. 1 0 0  
David Luckie, L. 1 0 0  
John Young, L. 1 0 0  
Robert Gordon, L. 1 0 0  
James Young, L. 1 0 0  
Agnes Fairweather, L. 1 0 0  
Alexander Watt, L. 1 0 0  
Francis Billie, L. 1 0 0  
James Webster, L. 1 0 0  
Alex. Wilkie, L. 1 0 0  
James Low, L. 1 0 0  
Donald Doret, L. 1 0 0  
David Carnegie, L. 1 0 0  
Wm. Byers, L. 1 0 0  
Alex. Mugg, L. 1 0 0  
John Alexander, L. 1 0 0

James Gordon, L. 0 2 0  
Alex. Crammond, L. 0 1 0  
John Stot, L. 0 1 0  
Jean Gray, L. 0 1 0  
Mary Hood, L. 0 1 0  
Jean Cowie, L. 0 1 0  
James Fullerton, L. 0 1 0  
Mary Thom, L. 0 1 0  
James Wishard, L. 0 1 0  
Alex. Bowack, L. 0 1 0  
Wm. Goodson, L. 0 1 0  
James Davidson, L. 0 1 0  
David Grant, L. 0 1 0  
William, John, and Thomas Websters, sons of Jas. Webster, Balcomne, L. 0 3 0  
David McIntyre, L. 0 1 0  
Margaret Clark, L. 0 1 0  
Ann Nidry, L. 0 1 0  
Jean Willox, L. 0 1 0  
Alexander Moffat, L. 0 0 6  
John Guthrie, L. 0 0 6  
James Hird, L. 0 0 6  
John Nicol, L. 0 0 6  
Alexander Nicol, L. 0 0 6  
David Sim, L. 0 0 6  
David Sim, L. 0 0 6  
Alex. Duncan, L. 0 0 4  
Eliz. Guthrie, L. 0 2 0  
David Lyell, L. 0 2 0  
David Low, L. 0 1 0  
John Guthrie, L. 0 10 0  
James Dawson, L. 0 2 0  
Jean Webster, L. 0 2 0  
David Smart, L. 0 0 6  
Francis Bean, L. 0 0 6  
John Lighton, L. 0 0 6  
Alexander Hilde, L. 0 0 6

KINROSS-SHIRE GAME DUTY.  
LIST OF GAME CERTIFICATES AND DEPUTATIONS, issued by the Sheriff Clerk of Kinross-shire, since 12th August 1798.

CERTIFICATE.  
Charles Stein, Esq. residing at Hattonburn Deputations.

James Graham, Esq. residing at Kinross-house—Gamekeeper to George Graham, Esq. of Kinross.

Alexander Lyall—gamekeeper to the said George Graham.

Frederick Adam, Esq. residing at Blair-adam—gamekeeper to William Adam, Esq. of Blair-adam.

By Order of his Majesty's Commissioners for managing the Stamp Duties.  
JOHN BRETTELL, Sec.

LANDS IN CAITHNESS.  
TO BE SOLD.

THE LANDS OF NEWTON AND AUCHINGALE, lying in the parish of Wattin, with the Mill of Auchingale, and Superiority of the Lands of Strath.

These lands hold of the Crown, are delightfully situated on the banks of a river abounding with fish, and in a fine sporting country. The free rent is at present £361. 15s. 3d. 6-12ths, but as no rise has taken place for thirty years, and as the lands are capable of great improvement, and have manure within themselves, very considerable advance may be expected on new sets.

For particulars apply to Mess. Moirs, writers to the signet, Edinburgh.

LANDS IN THE COUNTY OF FORFAR.  
To be sold by public roup, on Saturday the 3d day of November, within the New Inn of Forfar, at one o'clock afternoon.

THE LANDS OF KINCRESS, with those Parts after-mentioned of the Lands of KINCALDRUM, and that either together or in the following Lots, as purchasers may incline.

Lot I.—Being a Part of the LANDS of KINCALDRUM, with the Mansion-house and Garden, consisting of 134 Scots acres of arable land, inclosed partly with stone dykes and partly with good thriving hedges. The whole inclosures of these lands are well watered, and they are out of lease, so that the purchaser will get immediate access.

Lot II.—Being part of the LANDS of KINCRESS, consisting of 189 Scots acres, all arable, and capable of great improvement. The present leases terminate with crop 1799.

There is a good stone quarry in the ground for inclosing or building houses; and, as the lands for some length lie along the turnpike road leading from Forfar to Dundee, they might be feued out to manufacturers to great advantage.

Lot III.—Comprehends the Remainder of the LANDS of KINCRESS and GOVALS, and consists of 331 Scots acres. The present leases of these lands expire with crop 1799.

The whole of these lands are contiguous to one another, and are within about seven miles of the town of Dundee, and five of the town of Forfar, to both which towns there is a commodious and easy access by an excellent turnpike road lately made.

There will be attached to the above lots, if sold together, or to one of the above lots, if sold separately, a Superiority, affording a freehold qualification in the county, if purchasers incline.

If the lands do not sell in whole, or in the lots above mentioned, then part of them, lying along the high road leading from Forfar to Dundee, will be exposed to sale in the following Ten lots, viz. three of these lots to consist of about 13 acres each, and the other Seven Lots to consist of from six to seven acres each. If these ten small Lots are sold, they are to be held feu of the present proprietor for payment of a trifling feu-duty. They are all remarkably well watered, and their situation is peculiarly desirable for manufacturers, trades people, and others, being close on the side of the high road.

Application for further particulars may be made to Mr Bower the proprietor, at his house of Kinnetts, by Dundee; to Mr James Wyllie, writer in Forfar, who is in possession of a plan of the three large lots; or to Mess. Fotheringham and Pearson, writers to the signet, in whose hands the title-deeds are. Any person desirous of purchasing the whole, or any of the lots, by private bargain, between and the day of sale, may also apply as above.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC ROUN.  
Within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 31st day of October current, between the hours of two and three afternoon.

THE LANDS OF DRUMCROSS-HALL, with the Teinds thereof, lying in the parish of Badgate and shire of Linlithgow.

These lands consist of 201 acres mostly arable, and are let at present, including kaim, &c. at £401. The tenant pays all the public burdens.

The tenant is besides bound to inclose the whole lands with planting, which, at the end of the lease, must be of very considerable value.

The lands hold of the Crown, and, with the superiority of other lands to be also sold, afford a freehold qualification in the county.

It is understood that there is coal in the property, and the intended canal will run in the immediate vicinity.

Apply to James Gibson, W. S. who has power to conclude a private bargain.

SALE OF KINNORDY AND INVERCARITY, IN THE COUNTY OF FORFAR.

To be sold by public voluntary roup, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Thursday the 29th day of November 1798, between the hours of one and two afternoon.

THE LANDS and ESATES of KINNORDY and INVERCARITY, lying in the parish of Kinnordy and county of Forfar, in the two following lots, viz.—

Lot I.—The Lands and Estate of KINNORDY, with the Farm of KINTYRE, comprehending the Mansion-house, Office-houses, and Garden of Kinnordy, as laid down and delineated on a plan and measurement thereof, lately made out by Mr Auldrie land surveyor, whereby it appears that this lot contains 274 acres.

The mansion-house and offices of Kinnordy are lately built, and erected upon a very extensive plan, elegantly finished, and in a complete state of repair. The garden was within these few years made out at a great expense, having a large hot-house, and hot-walls, well stocked with fruit trees of the best kinds, producing a great quantity of fruit.

In this lot is also included the Loch of Kinnordy, which contains marle of an excellent quality, supposed to be inexhaustible, and for which there is a constant demand.

The proprietor has an heritable right to the teinds of this lot, which are valued, and the minister obtained an augmentation last, and in a complete state of repair.

Lot II.—The Lands and Estate of INVERCARITY, so far as delineated on Mr Auldrie's plan, by which they contain 1161 acres, with the ancient Castle and Garden of Invercarity, delightfully situated upon the banks of the waters of Eik, Profau, and Carity, and where they all conjoin. The beautiful and very romantic situation of this place is too well known to require any description, and upon which there are very extensive woods and plantations, all in the most thriving condition, and of great value.

The farms of Wester Shidhill, Queich, Auchnagray, Turfachie, and Collicks, are also included in this lot, and the state of the teinds, &c. is the same as Lot I. excepting such of the last mentioned farms as are situated in the parish of Tannadice, the teinds of which are exhausted by payment of minister's tithe.

Plans and measurements of these estates by Mr Auldrie, with the title deeds, tacks, and rentals thereof, are to be seen in the hands of Mr Proctor, Glasgow Castle, or Thomas Duncan, writer in Edinburgh, who have power to treat by private bargain before the day of sale.

SALE OF LANDS IN THE COUNTIES OF DUNDEE, DUNDEE, AND SELKIRK.

To be sold by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, the 21st of November, 1798, at one o'clock afternoon.

THE LIFE INTEREST OF ALEXANDER LORD BANK, in the Lands and others after-mentioned, in the COUNTY OF HADDINGTON, EAST Lothian.

THE LANDS and BARONY of BALLENCRIEFF, with the Mansion-house, Garden, Hot-house, Parks and others, presently possessed by John McLeod of Colbeck, Esq. and the Lands of BALLENCRIEFF MAINS, Myreton, Lockhill, Redhouse, Stantlaine, Prora, Gladsmuir and others, with the Houses in the village of Ballencriff, and pertinents of the same, and growing Timber on the Estate. The Timber consists of Oak, Ash, Scots and English Elm, Beech, Fir, and other trees of various dimensions and ages, and part thereof is of great value.

The mansion-house is large and commodious and in complete repair. The hot-house and garden are also in good condition, and the garden stocked with trees of the best kinds.

The free rent of these lands is at present L. 2000 Sterling per annum, but at the expiry of the current lease, a very considerable rise may be expected. The greatest part of the lands lie in the most fertile part of the County of East Lothian.

IN THE COUNTY OF PEEBLES.  
THE ESTATE of BLACKBARRONY, comprehending the Lands and Mansion-house of DARNHALL, with the Parks thereof, Garden, Pleasure Grounds, &c. all as presently possessed by Sir Archibald Gordon Kinloch, Bart. Also the LANDS of HATTOUNKNO, Darnhall Mains, Eddlestone, Mill and Mill Lands, with the Customs of the Fair, and Patronage of the Church of Eddlestone, also the houses in the village and growing Timber on the estate, which is of considerable value, and consists of Ash, Oak, Limes, &c.—Likewise the Lands of Kinglands, lying in the town of Peebles. The Mansion-house of Darnhall is also large and commodious, the situation is dry, and there are fine trout rivers, and plenty of game in the neighbourhood—the present rent of these lands is near L. 600 per annum, but at the expiry of some of the leases, a considerable rise of rent will be got.

IN THE COUNTY OF SELKIRK.  
The Lands and Tenantry of ELIBANK, as presently possessed by William Laidlaw, at the rent of 200l. Sterling per annum. These lands are of great extent, are situated on the banks of the river Tweed, and are remarkable for excellent sheep pasture. There is a most thriving natural wood on the lands, consisting of Oak, Birch, and others, and which will be fit for cutting a few years hence